

User and Group-Based Reporting in TRITON - Web Security: Best Practices and Troubleshooting

Websense Support Webinar March 2012

Support Webinars

- Directory service configuration
- Delegated administration for reporting
- Reporting on users and groups with presentation and investigative reports
- Common issues with reporting on users and groups
- Troubleshooting
- Best practices for reports on users and groups



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- **Title:** Tech Support Specialist
- **Accomplishments:**
 - Over 4 years supporting Websense products
- **Education / Certifications:**
 - B.Eng (Hons) Computer Systems and Networks
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- **Qualifications:**
 - New Hire Training
 - v7 Tech Support Training

- **User Service communicates with a supported LDAP or NTLM directory service.**
 - Passes information from the directory service to Policy Server and Filtering Service to apply policies to users, groups, and organizational units (OUs)
 - Communicates with Log Server to provide updated user and group information
- **Configure User Service settings for end users and administrators.**
 - Configure the directory for end users on the Settings > Directory Services page in TRITON - Web Security.
 - Configure the administrator directory on the TRITON Settings > User Directory page.
- **Duplicate user names are not supported for LDAP directories. The same user must not appear in multiple domains.**

- Use the Active Directory (Native Mode) option to configure multiple domains.
 - Use DNS names when the environment includes multiple domains.
- For Active Directory (Mixed Mode), make sure the group scope is set to Global. (Universal groups do not work with mixed mode.)
- When configuring any other LDAP-based directory, use port 389 with an appropriate root context.
- If the directory structure contains duplicate users, configure the **UseDomainMap** parameter in **websense.ini**.

- Delegated administrators can be granted specific reporting permissions.
 - Configure administrator permissions on the Policy Management > Delegated Administration > Add Role or Edit Role page in TRITON - Web Security.
- 2 types of roles can be created: **policy management and reporting** or **investigative reporting only**.
- The account type can be network or local.
- You can control whether administrators assigned to a role can report on no clients (no reporting permissions), only clients in the role, or all clients.

■ Presentation reports

- Use pre-defined templates for reporting
- Can generate charts and tabular reports in HTML, PDF, or XLS format
- Reports include:
 - User Activity Detail and User Activity Summary
 - Top Users and Groups by Request
 - Top Users and Groups by Browse Time
 - Top Users and Groups by Bandwidth
- Can be scheduled to run daily, weekly or monthly
- Cannot run debug against these reports

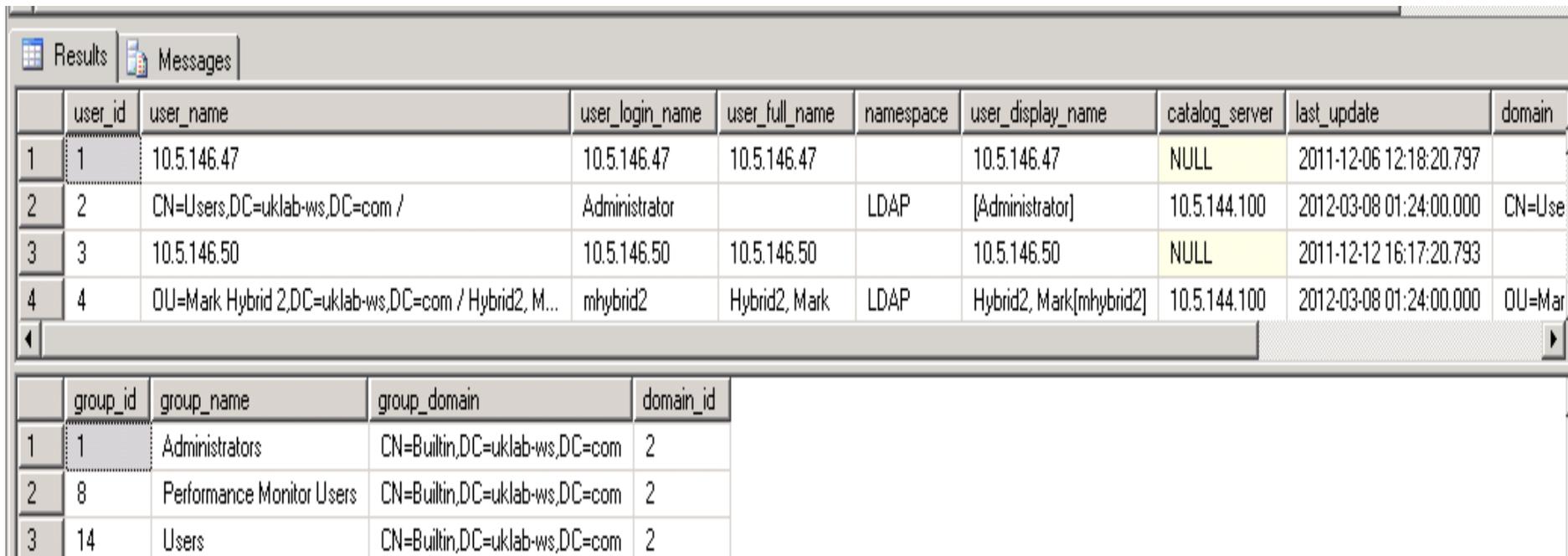
■ Investigative reports

- Interactive reporting used to analyze filtering activity
- Can generate summary report based on particular user or group name
- Report can be saved as a Favorite to run or schedule later
- Can enable debug for individual reports to find out which query is used to process data

- Blank user and group based reports: no data
- No user names in reports
- Delegated administrators cannot report on managed clients
- Delegated administrator reports run slowly
- Group-based reports do not show all AD groups
- Group-based reports do not contain all users
- Reports show incorrect group membership

- Tables related to user and group reporting in Microsoft SQL Server
 - **Users:** Contains user-related data passed by User Service to Log Server. Contains the unique user_id associated with each user record.
 - **user_groups:** Used to track group membership. Contains user and group update data. The start_dates and end_dates are used to pull user data into group reports based on date range.
 - **wse_domains:** Contains information about domain objects such as OUs with their relevant domain ID.
 - **wse_group_domains:** Contains information on groups associated with a particular AD domain. Displays the date the group information was created in the Log Database.

- Database contains views with user and groups information
 - user_names: Built using information from the users table. Contains more detailed logs of user-related data
 - groups: Contains information on various groups obtained by Log Server. Each group has a unique ID.



The screenshot shows a database query results window with two tables. The top table lists user information, and the bottom table lists group information.

	user_id	user_name	user_login_name	user_full_name	namespace	user_display_name	catalog_server	last_update	domain
1	1	10.5.146.47	10.5.146.47	10.5.146.47		10.5.146.47	NULL	2011-12-06 12:18:20.797	
2	2	CN=Users,DC=uklab-ws,DC=com /	Administrator		LDAP	[Administrator]	10.5.144.100	2012-03-08 01:24:00.000	CN=Use
3	3	10.5.146.50	10.5.146.50	10.5.146.50		10.5.146.50	NULL	2011-12-12 16:17:20.793	
4	4	OU=Mark Hybrid 2,DC=uklab-ws,DC=com / Hybrid2, M...	mhybrid2	Hybrid2, Mark	LDAP	Hybrid2, Mark[mhybrid2]	10.5.144.100	2012-03-08 01:24:00.000	OU=Mar

	group_id	group_name	group_domain	domain_id
1	1	Administrators	CN=Builtin,DC=uklab-ws,DC=com	2
2	8	Performance Monitor Users	CN=Builtin,DC=uklab-ws,DC=com	2
3	14	Users	CN=Builtin,DC=uklab-ws,DC=com	2

■ Blank user and group reports

- Run the TestLogServer utility to see if user names are associated with each filtering request.

Kb Link: <http://www.websense.com/support/article/t-kbarticle/Using-TestLogServer-with-Websense-Enterprise>

- Run a User Service trace (dstrace) to see if user and groups are being picked up correctly.
- Verify that Log Server is configured to log user names.
- Check the user and groups tables in SQL Server. Verify the last_update column to ensure that users have been updated.

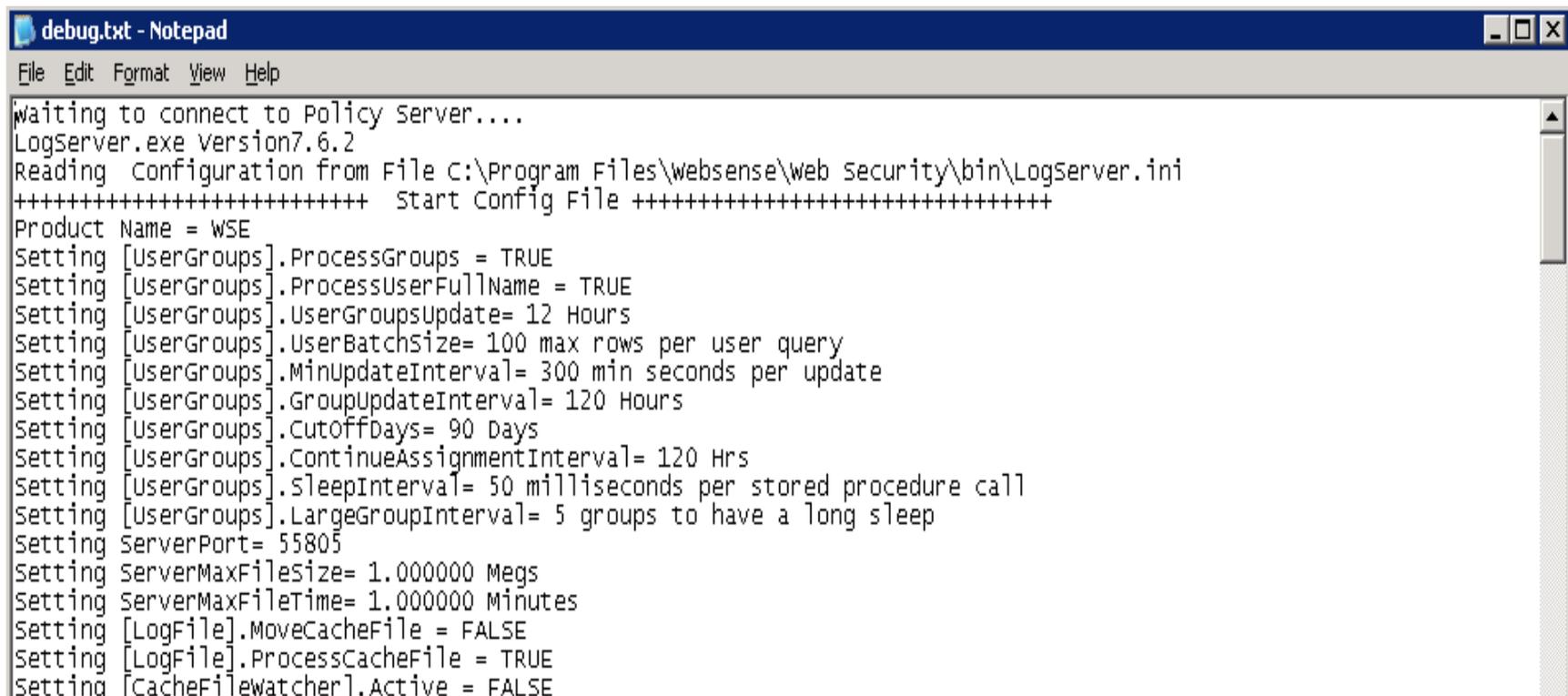
- No user names in reports
 - Verify that user-based filtering policies are being applied correctly.
 - Run the TestLogServer utility to see if user names are associated with each filtering request.
 - If no user names are seen in TestLogServer, there is likely a user identification issue. Check your user identification settings.
 - If user names do appear , check connectivity between User Service and Log Server.
 - Run Log Server debug.

■ Running Log Server debug

1. Use the Services utility (Start > Administrative Tools > Services) to stop the **Websense Log Server** service.
2. Right-click the service name and click **Properties**.
3. On the General tab, next to **Start parameters**, enter:
`-debug`
4. Use the Properties dialog box to start Log Server.
5. A **debug.txt** file is created in the Websense **bin** directory (C:\Program Files (x86)\Websense\Web Security\bin, by default).
6. Analyze the file for errors related to User Service update failures.

■ Log Server debug file

- The start of the debug file shows some important parameters related to user and group update intervals.



```
debug.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
waiting to connect to Policy Server....
LogServer.exe Version7.6.2
Reading Configuration from File C:\Program Files\websense\web security\bin\LogServer.ini
+++++ Start Config File +++++
Product Name = WSE
Setting [UserGroups].ProcessGroups = TRUE
Setting [UserGroups].ProcessUserFullName = TRUE
Setting [UserGroups].UserGroupsUpdate= 12 Hours
Setting [UserGroups].UserBatchSize= 100 max rows per user query
Setting [UserGroups].MinUpdateInterval= 300 min seconds per update
Setting [UserGroups].GroupUpdateInterval= 120 Hours
Setting [UserGroups].CutoffDays= 90 Days
Setting [UserGroups].ContinueAssignmentInterval= 120 Hrs
Setting [UserGroups].SleepInterval= 50 milliseconds per stored procedure call
Setting [UserGroups].LargeGroupInterval= 5 groups to have a long sleep
Setting ServerPort= 55805
Setting ServerMaxFileSize= 1.000000 Megs
Setting ServerMaxFileTime= 1.000000 Minutes
Setting [LogFile].MoveCacheFile = FALSE
Setting [LogFile].ProcessCacheFile = TRUE
Setting [CacheFilewatcher].Active = FALSE
```

Log Server debug file

- Look for user and group update failure messages

```
debug.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
NY,OU=USA,DC=NOAM,DC=xyz,DC=com/02HW8499 DB.USER_ID = 7776--
wsuserServiceHelper::GetFullUserName - FAILURE LDAP://172.50.96.24 OU=Laptops,OU=Computers,OU=Edison - NJ,OU=NEW YORK 1 - NY,OU=
USA,DC=NOAM,DC=xyz,DC=com/02HW8499 status[826802196]
wsuserServiceHelper::GetFullUserName - FAILURE LDAP://uscinsevdcl OU=Laptops,OU=Computers,OU=Edison - NJ,OU=NEW YORK 1 - NY,OU=
USA,DC=NOAM,DC=xyz,DC=com/02HW8499: Blank user full name.
wsupdateGroupThread::execute - ERROR: Failed to query US for username: LDAP://uscinsevdcl OU=Laptops,OU=Computers,OU=Edison - NJ,OU= NEW
YORK 1 - NY,OU=USA,DC=NOAM,DC=xyz,DC=com/02HW8499. skip this user.
wsConvertThread::doProcessFile EOF marker for C:\Program Files\websense\bin\cache\logCB29.tmp : 10.102.48.241 : 1331121754
3/7/2012 7:05:56 AM wsConvertThread::doProcessFile - Finished Processing File C:\Program Files\websense\bin\cache\logCB29.tmp - 0 Seconds
wsupdateGroupThread::execute: - Process DomainUser: LDAP://172.50.96.24 OU=Servers,OU=Computers,OU=Edison - NJ,OU=NEW YORK 1 - NY,OU=
USA,DC=NOAM,DC=xyz,DC=com/USTROYDHCP DB.USER_ID = 7771--
3/7/2012 7:05:56 AM wsvisitHitThread::doProcessNextRec received EOF marker for C:\Program Files\websense\bin\cache\logCB29.tmp
wsuserServiceHelper::GetFullUserName - FAILURE LDAP://172.50.96.24 OU=Servers,OU=Computers,OU=Edison - NJ,OU=NEW YORK 1 -
NY,OU=USA,DC=NOAM,DC=xyz,DC=com/USTROYDHCP status[826802196]
wsuserServiceHelper::GetFullUserName - FAILURE LDAP://uscinsevdcl OU=Servers,OU=Computers,OU=Edison - NJ,OU=TCS - NEW YORK 1 - NY,OU=
USA,DC=NOAM,DC=xyz,DC=com/USTROYDHCP: Blank user full name.
wsupdateGroupThread::execute - ERROR: Failed to query US for username: LDAP://uscinsevdcl OU=Servers,OU=Computers,OU=Edison - NJ,OU= NEW
YORK 1 - NY,OU=USA,DC=NOAM,DC=xyz,DC=com/USTROYDHCP. skip this user.
```

■ Running dstrace to debug User Service

1. Add the following lines to the **websense.ini** file:

```
[DirectoryService]
GroupLog=true
BindLog=true
CacheLog=true
```

2. Restart Websense User Service.

A **dstrace.txt** file is created in the **bin** directory (C:\Program Files (x86)\Websense\Web Security\bin or /opt/Websense/bin/, by default).

2. Check the file to see if user and group information has been correctly obtained by User Service.

■ Using SQL queries to verify data in the Log Database.

- To find a record for a specific user (like “Administrator”) within the database:

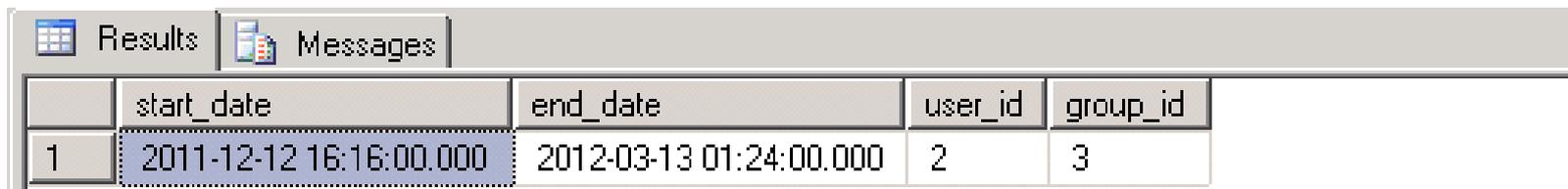
```
select * from users where user_login_name like  
'Administrator'
```

- Check the last_update column to ensure that user information is being updated.

- To find information related to a specific group (like “Domain Admins”):

```
select * from groups where group_name like 'domain  
admins'
```

- Use the `user_id` and `group_id` fields to see if user and group data has been updated
 - For example, verify that user Administrator is associated with group Domain Admins and group data is updated.
`select * from user_groups where group_id = '3' AND user_id = '2'`
 - `end_date` is the last date the user is considered a member of the group. It is updated when Log Server gets an update from User Service. The date is in the future if membership is ongoing.



The screenshot shows a database query results window with two tabs: 'Results' and 'Messages'. The 'Results' tab is active, displaying a table with the following data:

	start_date	end_date	user_id	group_id
1	2011-12-12 16:16:00.000	2012-03-13 01:24:00.000	2	3

- If delegated administrators cannot report on their managed clients:
 - Check administrator permissions for the role.
 - When an administrator runs a report on managed clients, a view is created in SQL Server for that administrator role. If the assigned administrator does not have permission to report on those clients, the view will not be created.
 - The Investigative Reports page can be used to debug the report that is being generated:
 - Switch to full screen view and add **&gubed=1** to the end of the UR in the address bar.
 - Check `dbo.directory_object` table in the Log Database and verify that the correct context exists.

- If group reports don't show all AD groups or all users for a specific group:
 - Run **dstrace** to verify that User Service can obtain information from AD for all groups.
 - Run Log Server debug to verify that User Service can update Log Server.
 - Check the last_update field in the users table to verify that user information has been updated in the Log Database.
 - Check the start_date and end_date columns in the user_groups table to verify relevant group information has been updated.

- If group reports show incorrect group membership for users:
 - Run **dstrace** and verify that User Service can obtain correct group membership with a NetGetGroup query.
 - If the user has been moved from one group to another, ensure that User Service gets the new membership.
 - Verify that the `user_id` is associated with relevant `group_id` in the `user_groups` table in the database.

- Check the start_date and end_date data, and compare it to the date range of the report.
 - If Log Server didn't gather user data on the day the group membership changed, the end_date will be past the true end date. Log Server uses the current date and time as the end_date when it discovers that group membership has ended.
 - If user A belongs to Group1 from 1/1 to 2/20 and the report dates are 2/1 to 28, user A is considered part of Group1 for all of the report data.

- Configure directory service settings correctly based on the directory structure.
- Ensure that User Service can communicate with the relevant global catalog servers to obtain necessary user and group information.
- User Service and Log Server services must be able to communicate.
- If users move frequently from one group to the other within the directory, consider lowering the User Service cache timeout period.
- Take older partitions offline to speed report generation, especially for delegated administrators.

- For larger organizations, consider rolling over partitions by size to ensure each partition db does not grow to an enormous size
- If databases have grown very large consider adding more physical drives to the SQL server machine to store the log files, this will enhance performance
- Run perfmon on SQL server to view disk performance if reporting seems to be generally slow
- Ensure tempdb has enough space allocated to it as this will be needed especially with delegated admin reporting

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Title: **Filtering remote users with Websense remote filtering software v7.6**

Date: April 18, 2012

Time: 8:30 AM Pacific Time

How to register:

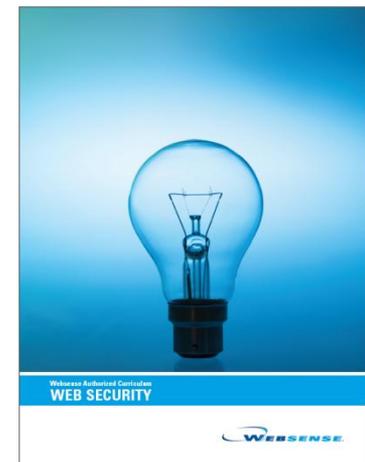
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